





HAMSHIER & MOSSER,  
Publishers.  
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.  
Monday Evening, July 12.

THE Minnesota Democracy "resolved" that the adoption of the fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth amendments to the Federal constitution closed a great era in our politics and marked the end forever of human slavery and of the struggle that grew out of that system. That is true, but what did the Democratic party have to do with it?

A PROMINENT Georgia Republican, in a letter to the New York Times, says there are indications of a political revolution in that State. There is a strong liberal element in the Democratic party there which manifests a disposition to desert the Bourbons. This disaffected element embraces a large percentage of the best men in the State.

THE Cleveland Plaindealer says it does not pretend to know what Gov. Allen's financial views are, but adds: "We do not hesitate to say that he or any other hard money Democrat can, if he so elect, stand upon the money plank of the Ohio Democracy, without any sacrifice of consistency." The Democratic conscience has always been considered exceptionally elastic, but this goes a step beyond anything we have heretofore seen.

IT is proposed to erect a beautiful and commodious church edifice, to be called the "Wesley Memorial Church," at Savannah, Ga., in commemoration of the residence, for nearly two years, in that city, of the Rev. John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, early in his career. A circular, signed by a number of leading clergymen and members of the Georgia Conference, has been issued, requesting contributions from the friends of the enterprise throughout the Union. Remittances or letters of inquiry may be addressed to the local Committee or to Dr. J. H. Hilditch, Corresponding Secretary of the American Bible Society, or Dr. Chas. F. Deane, pastor of the Church of Strangers, New York.

WITH all the talk about the financial condition of the country, the depreciation of currency, etc., it should never be forgotten that we have to thank the Democratic party for our national debt, heavy taxes, and all the burdens incident thereto. Through the treason of Southern Democrats, connived at and encouraged by those of the North, the people were driven to the choice of allowing the government to be destroyed or of going to war in its defense. They chose the latter alternative, and in prosecuting the war were compelled to make immense loans and issue large amounts of paper money—in other words, to incur a national debt and a depreciated currency. We are not saying that the life of the nation was so dearly purchased, or that the government is not worth all it has cost; but let it never be forgotten that all our present financial evils had their roots and origin in the Southern rebellion, which was itself the fruit of Democratic treason. These fellows must be held to the record.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

CIVIL service reform, so called, has received another most unkind and uncalled-for out from certain iniquitous people in Henry county, Indiana, who were obliged to pass a competitive examination to obtain positions as pedagogues. The examination papers were unusually well written, and revealed a very close acquaintance with all those subjects which would naturally be made the test of proficiency in a candidate. But the exultation of Henry county authorities over the success in securing first-class teachers was sadly marred by the discovery that copies of the printed list of questions had been peddled about before the examination at from \$2.50 to \$5 a copy. If this is the state of the affairs of a competitive examination, when it is left in the hands of those who have no other object than to secure the most efficient service, what would be likely to become of it in the hands of the average politician? These things are staggering for the thoughtful patriot.—*St. Louis Globe-Dem.*

A memorial has been presented to the Missouri Constitutional Convention, now in session, signed by one hundred and forty citizens of Saline county in that State, protesting against the present school system, and demanding that hereafter no money be raised by taxation for educational purposes, excepting such as may be necessary to furnish the absolutely poor with facilities for an ordinary elementary instruction. In 1872 Saline county gave a Democratic majority of 1653, and it is pretty safe to guess that every one of the signers of the above memorial is a Democrat.

SPRINGFIELD, July 11.—The men were employed at all the coal mines near this place are on a strike. Heretofore they were being paid at the rate of four cents per bushel for mining coal, but owing to the stagnation of business the operators asked a reduction to three cents a bushel, which the miners refused to concede, and they all quit work yesterday afternoon.

## A TRIP TO TEXAS.

MR. ZION, ILLINOIS, July 7th, 1875. Having been appointed by the Decatur Presbytery to attend the General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, to convene in Jefferson, Texas, I started for that place on the 10th day of May, 1875. Having a little spare time before the meeting of the Assembly, I went into northwestern Missouri, where I formerly labored a short time before my removal to this State. A few counties in that part of Missouri, in my opinion, are the best part of it for agricultural purposes. Grain, grass and fruits of nearly all kinds do well in anything like a fair season.

I have made some observations in regard to the apple fruit, in ten different States in the Union, and have never found any to equal that of northwestern Missouri. When I was there in May the prospect for crops of all kinds was quite promising, and of course a bountiful harvest was generally anticipated. But alas! most of this crop has already been harvested by the grasshoppers some weeks since. A recent letter from Mr. S. N. Mayers, of that section of country, says: "The 'hopper' crop is more bountiful than any other kind."

It is said that these devouring insects, within the past few weeks, in the western counties of Missouri, have swept over a belt forty miles wide and one hundred miles long. In August, 1868, I saw perhaps millions of them filling the whole atmosphere like snow flakes, and soon after they were playing havoc with corn, buckwheat, garden, etc. A good garden would generally furnish them with a bountiful meal, and a young turnip patch would apparently afford them a good common breakfast. They would immediately fly into a person's face, work down into his boot-legs, and get into his pockets, and yet they were, in some respects, seemingly benevolent, as hogs would actually go for them, and turkeys and chickens hid on them.

On the morning of May 17th I again started on the wing southward, in company with Mr. T. U. Barnard of Whitesville, Mo. After taking refreshments with an acquaintance at St. Joseph, we proceeded to Kansas City, where we fell in with more company. Soon after we met with, and were accompanied by Rev. E. W. McCorkle, of Ridge Prairie, Mo., who has been writing for the children for several years past over the signature of "Uncle Sam."

Taking the great M. & T. railroad that extends from Hannibal, Mo., to Denison, Texas, our way led through Missouri, Kansas and Indian Territory. The face of the country south of Sedalia, in Mo., is generally quite handsome, but the soil is comparatively thin and evidently not very productive. The most attractive part of Kansas, in my judgment, is in the country about the young and growing city of Parsons, which is only a few miles from the southern boundary of the State. The Nation or Indian Territory is certainly a very fine country for stock-raising, as the soil is rich, undulating prairie, and the climate mild and salubrious. I was surprised to find this great country so sparsely settled, and comparatively little that was worth the name of improvement. Nevertheless I saw a good many small houses, or rather huts, about the patches of corn. Some of them raised cattle at almost no expense, whilst many of them live, no doubt, by fishing and hunting. From my coach window I saw some eight or ten deer in a flock, about six hundred yards distant, which impressed me that it might be a favorable place for sportsmen.

My attention was attracted to the fact that but few Indians were to be seen near the railroad or about the stations. We had a splendid daylight view nearly across the whole Territory, arriving at Denison, Texas, near the Red River, in the afternoon of May 19th. Here we took the train on the Texas Central railroad, reaching Dallas late in the afternoon, some seventy-five miles south of Red River.

Dallas is in the heart of the finest country in the State of Texas. The soil is a black loam, fertile and very productive. Their wheat crop was splendid, and some of the farmers had already commenced to harvest. The cotton crop appeared to be doing well, and corn was "swish high." We passed several large and prosperous towns coming from Red River to this place. Dallas is beautifully situated on Trinity river, and contains more than ten thousand inhabitants. Here, close by the C. P. Church, I found Mr. P. Sharpless and lady (late of Magnolia, Ill.), pleasantly ensconced in a lovely cottage home, in one of the most desirable parts of the city. And as they have probably settled for life, they believe that a small colony from their former home in Illinois would do well financially in emigrating to Texas, and doubtless fully endorse the sentiment expressed by St. Louis where he says: "There is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Here we found plenty of garden vegetables, such as beans, potatoes, beets, peaches, cucumbers, etc.

Taking the train on the Texas Pacific railroad, we traveled 11 miles east, arriving at the city of Jefferson, where our General Assembly convened May 20th, at 11 o'clock a. m. The Assembly continued about nine days, and had 168 communicants in attendance. Through the kindness of several railroad companies a free excursion to the fair was tendered, and of course the offer was most gratefully accepted. Accordingly, on the morning of May 29, about 175 persons, took the excursion train and were soon joyously gliding along, now through pine forests, and then over magnificent prairie forests, towards Dallas.

In the afternoon the train reached

the beautiful town of Terrell, where the people, on a few hours' notice, had prepared a most excellent dinner—enough for twice as many. This was truly delicious, not only on account of its excellence, but because of the cheerfulness and benevolence of purpose with which it was given.

One of our men, Rev. T. C. Blake, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn., is six feet and eight inches high, and being observed by some of the citizens they said they had a man who was taller than "that long man." An excursionist replied, "Bring up your man and test the matter." Accordingly they were about standing up together, when the signal was given to start, and the Doctor requested the Texan giant to leave his mark on a telegraph pole, and on his return they would settle the question as to who was the "longest." Ample arrangements at Dallas had been made for the entertainment of the whole company over the Sabbath. Consequently, on our arrival, all were assigned to pleasant homes, and the day of rest was kept in attending church, both morning and evening. We had supposed that the unbounded hospitality of the people of Jefferson might be exceptional, but this was not the fact, for we found it manifest everywhere in Texas.

On Monday morning, May 31, we returned over the Texas Pacific railroad to Mineola, and thence to Palestine, where we took the International and Great Northern railroad to Houston. This is a beautiful and flourishing city, about fifty miles from Galveston. I went into the market house and saw all kinds of vegetables for sale, and here, for the first time in life, I saw roasting ears on the 1st day of June. The country from here to Galveston presents a landscape of handsome prairie, adapted for grazing, and it is mostly used for that purpose. Only now and then do you see a field in cultivation, and one in particular that attracted my attention was a field of corn in roasting ear.

After a two hours' run we arrived in the city of Galveston, at 10 o'clock a. m. This city is situated on an island about thirty miles long and three miles wide. It has grown rapidly within the last few years, and now contains a population of about 35,000. This, in some respects, was to be one of the most interesting cities we ever saw. It is located on the east end of the island, and the streets, broad and handsome, extend across from one side to the other. We observed on one side the smooth and placid waters of the bay, and on the other the agitated and rolling billows of the Gulf of Mexico. Only a slight wind was blowing, and yet the waves, rushing along in pursuit of each other, would reach an elevation not less, perhaps, than four feet above the common level. Wave succeeded wave, decorated with white caps, presenting an appearance of grandeur the like of which many of us had never seen before.

Rev. Dr. Brown, editor of the *Cumberland Presbyterian*, Rev. H. D. O'Leary, of Covington, Ohio, Rev. W. J. Darby, of Evansville, Ind., another, whose name I do not recollect, and myself, hired an open carriage and rode out to enjoy the sea breeze and the ride on the beach. The beach was sandy, and being washed by the waves, it was as solid and nice as a pine floor. It has been said by some that this is the finest beach in the United States, and that with an outlay of some capital it could be made an excellent watering place. Men, with nets, were engaged in seeking for "fishes that triple in the deep."

Shells in great variety were to be seen along the beach, and not a few seized this opportunity to appropriate some of them. Many of the streets of the city were lined with the richest profusion of the most beautiful flowers. The red and white oleander, from ten to fifteen feet high, filling the adjacent atmosphere with the sweetest perfume, presented a sight that was completely charming. However I am aware of the poet's language:

"The flower that is sweetest awake to the flowers is always the first to be touched by the thorn."

Yours, respectfully,  
P. H. CRIDER.  
(Continued to-morrow.)

LONDON, July 10.—A *Times* Madrid dispatch says that events of great importance are looked for.

The *Times* having published some strictures on the address in favor of Beecher by the Congregational ministers, Dr. Alexander Raleigh, one of the signers, has written a reply. He says that, in signing the address, he never meant to commit any portion of the non-conformists to his views, and adds, that it is not sound policy to assert that because a man may be blameable in lighter things, he is not to be approached with an expression of sympathy by those who are unpickably glad to believe he has shown himself innocent of the heavier charge with complete success. The latter concludes as follows: "I never supposed that in signing the document I was expressing any opinion on Beecher's sayings or doings in general. I believe the Christian sentiment in England will unanimously lament and condemn some things which Beecher acknowledges. In the course of the trial he blamed himself without stint. Now, I believe he has recovered himself, and will stand in honor and usefulness as formerly."

## TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'clock, P. M.  
(Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.)

IT'S A BOY, AND WEIGHS 10 POUNDS 8 OUNCES.

Miners on a Strike.

APPEAL TO THE WOMEN OF ILLINOIS.

High Water in the Missouri River.

THE AMERICAN MARKSMEN IN SCOTLAND.

Predicted Restoration of the French Empire.

LONG BRANCH, July 11.—Mrs. Algernon Sartoris, daughter of President Grant, gave birth this morning to a fine boy weighing 10½ pounds.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Mrs. Gov. Beveridge has issued an appeal to the women of Illinois, urging them to take steps to secure a fair representation of this State at the Centennial in Philadelphia. She especially asks that a liberal donation be raised for the women's building. A meeting will be held here to-morrow, and elsewhere in the State at an early date, for the purposes above named.

CHICAGO, July 11.—A *Times* special says Peter Tauls, who was severely scalded by the recent railroad accident near Jacksonville, Illinois, died last night. The other unfortunate, who was caught under the engine, will probably not recover.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The first Sunday services in Plymouth Church, in Mr. Beecher's absence on his vacation this summer, were conducted to-day by President Porter, of Yale College, who preached an ordinary sermon. Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, and Mr. Bullard, Mrs. Beecher's brother, were the only relatives of the great pastor present. In place of the usual floral display, the platform was covered with orange lilies.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 10.—Late and long continued rains have had the effect to fill all the stream banks full. Telegrams from well-known pilots say the Missouri river has risen eighteen feet at Bismarck, Dakota, the highest known high water at points along the Nebraska line of the Missouri river, in a few days. A bank at Nebraska City caved in, so that the depot building and all houses in the town of Bismarck opposite have moved a distance of a mile, probably delaying the project of building a railroad bridge to this point. Bottom lands near this city, were overflowed. Salt lake has the appearance of a large river, at higher water than ever before known. Business men have to reach their place of business in skills.

MEMPHIS, July 11.—The gentlemen of the American Team and their friends attended divine service to-day at Roseland Chapel. A dispatch has been sent to Colonel Porter of the 22d Regiment thanking him for the offer of an escort on the team's arrival in New York. The team gave a formal farewell to-night to Colonel Mitchell, their referee, who sails for New York this week.

Colonel Gildersleeve and Major Fulton thanked him on behalf of their companions for his efficient service during the international match. Colonel Porter's dispatch, and other communications touching the return of the team to New York were referred to Colonel Mitchell, who will make all arrangements on his arrival.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., July 10.—During the performance at Music Hall, Westfield, Saturday night, a slight explosion took place under the stage, whereupon an alarm of fire was raised. The audience rushed for the doors and windows, many in the galleries jumping to the floor, and others hanging out of the windows ready to drop to the ground if necessary. A cool-headed man, however, jumped upon a seat and shouted, "There is no fire," while brave numbers soon got into the street, and the pan at the door and windows was relieved. The audience soon returned to the performance. During the panic several women fainted. A number of persons were quite badly crushed.

## New Advertisements.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.  
STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.  
MACON COUNTY,  
In Circuit Court—August Term, A. D. 1875.  
JOHN H. DANIELS vs. WILLIAM PRATHER.  
ATTACHMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO SAID William Prather that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of Macon county, on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1875, at the suit of John H. Daniels, and against the estate of the said William Prather, for the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200), directed to the sheriff of Macon county to execute, and that the said suit is now pending before the Circuit Court of Macon county, at the August term, A. D. 1875. Now, unless you, the said William Prather, shall personally be and appear before the Circuit Court of Macon county, on the 10th day of a term thereof, to be held in the Court House, in the city of Decatur, on the first Monday in August, A. D. 1875, and plead or demur to said action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of said John H. Daniels, and so much of the estate as is necessary to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same. E. McNEILLY, Clerk.  
W. C. JOHNS, Attorney.  
Decatur, Ill., June 9, 1875—dlw-wat

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Samuel Powers and Luther L. Perkins, in the firm name of POWERS & CO., dealers in Boots and Shoes, in Decatur, Ill., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the old stand by said Luther L. Perkins, who has always had the entire management of the said firm's business. SAMUEL POWERS, LUTHER L. PERKINS.  
DECATUR, ILL., July 6, 1875—dlw-wat

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the firm of J. W. Hill & Co. is by mutual consent, this day dissolved. Charles P. Housum having withdrawn his connection from said firm. The business of manufacturing Hot Ringers, Rings and Ribbons will be continued by J. W. Hill, by whom all orders will be promptly filled. J. W. HILL.  
CHARLES P. HOUSUM.  
DECATUR, ILL., July 2, 1875—dlw-wat

FOR SALE  
—AT A—  
BARGAIN!

HOUSE AND LOT IN WARRICKSBURG, ILL. A small house, containing stable, shrubbery, etc., of good water. Will be sold for less than a working cost.  
J. M. ROBERTS.  
Box 21, Warricksburg, Ill.  
June 2, 1875—dlw-wat

Public Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.  
MACON COUNTY,  
Of the July Term, A. D. 1875, of the County Court of Macon county.  
In the matter of the application of Samuel Young for the appointment of a Conservator of said Young, a lunatic.  
The Court do hereby order that said Samuel Young, a lunatic, is now pending in said court; that said Samuel Young, returning to the third Monday in the month of July, A. D. 1875, and that on the return day of said summons, or as soon thereafter as the business of said court will permit the Court House, in the city of Decatur, Illinois, to appear and answer to the hearing of said application; and in case said Samuel Young should fail to do so, the Court do hereby order that said application be taken as confessed, and that a conservator be appointed for said Samuel Young.  
DECATUR, ILL., July 10, 1875.  
HENRY W. WATKINS, Clerk.  
CHAS. E. BROWN, Atty for Applicant.  
July 10th

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three executions to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the Circuit Court of Macon county, Illinois, to-wit: Two favor of Henry R. Barber, who sues for the use of the Decatur Agricultural Works, and one in favor of Sarah Ann Barber, et al., and each against Charles A. Tuttle, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the north line of lot No. one (1) in Block No. six (6), Allen, DeKalb & Co. addition to Decatur, Macon county, Illinois, distant twenty (20) feet west from the northeast corner of said lot, thence running south to the south line of said lot; thence east twenty (20) feet to the southeast corner of said lot; thence north to the northeast corner of said lot, and thence west to the place of beginning. To have property of the said Charles A. Tuttle, which I shall offer at public sale at the west door of the Court House, in Macon county, Ill., and within, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1875, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.  
This 2nd day of June, A. D. 1875.  
ISAAC H. DENNIS, Sheriff Macon county.

Executors Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned, Executor of the estate of Henry Price, deceased, late of Macon county, Illinois, will attend before the County Court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on Monday, the 21st day of July, A. D. 1875, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of said deceased, when and where all persons having claims against said estate and deceased are requested to present the same for adjustment. All claims indebted are requested to make immediate payment.  
PETER S. SKELLEY, Executor.  
May 20, 1875—waw

W. R. KIGER,

VETERINARY SURGEON

HAVING located at Macon, offers his professional services to the public. A practice of over thirty years for the treatment of all diseases, him to guarantee satisfaction. He will call in any hour of the day or night. Office at residence, near the depot.  
Macon, May 27, 1875—waw

Excutor's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned, Executor of the estate of Henry Price, deceased, late of Macon county, Illinois, will attend before the County Court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on Monday, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1875, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of said deceased, when and where all persons having claims against said estate and deceased are requested to present the same for adjustment. All claims indebted are requested to make immediate payment.  
THOMAS M. PRICE, Executor.  
Decatur, May 18, 1875—waw

Administratrix Notice

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Daniel C. Spence, deceased, late of Macon county, Ill., will attend before the County Court of said county, in the city of Decatur, on MONDAY, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1875, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of said deceased, when and where all persons having claims against said estate and deceased are requested to present the same for adjustment. All claims indebted are requested to make immediate payment.  
SARAH A. SPENCE, Administratrix.  
May 6, 1875—waw

## SPECIALTIES!

Hays & Bruce  
RECEIVED TO-DAY  
40 Handsome LINEN SUITS!

At fully one-third less price than usual.

25 DOZ. NEW TIES!

Plain and plaid—Windsor, with plain and fringed ends; Brocade and Crepe, with plain, fringed and lace ends.

NEW BELTS, NEW RUCHINGS!

—Also—

New Prints, Cambrics, Percales, Dress Linens,

And 20 dozen "Hays & Bruce" New Corset, "DECATUR," admitted to be the Best in town for the price.

We have a Splendid Stock of

BLACK GRENADES!

June 26, 1875—dlw-wat

NEW SPRING GOODS!

S. EINSTEIN

Has returned with new

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Of the very latest styles. He has taken especial pains in selecting his stock of Spring Goods, consisting of

DRESS GOODS,

BLACK ALPACAS,

PLAIN AND COLORED SILKS.

(All shades.)

—New shade of—

LUSTERS!

Also, a full line of

TRIMMING SILKS.

Our stock of WHITE GOODS, MARSEILLES, PERCALES, cannot be surpassed in any market. We also have a full line of Notions; latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' TIES, RUCHES, RIBBONS, in plaid, plain and embroidered.

A complete line of HOSIERY for Ladies and Gents.

A full line of CORSETS, from 50c up.

He invites all to call and examine his Stock. He will offer extra inducements for the next thirty days, in all Departments. By calling, you will see he is determined not to be undersold.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

No. 21 NORTH WATER STREET.

March 20, 1875—dlw-wat

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

WAYNE BROTHERS,

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OMNIBUSES,

PEDDLING AND SPRING WAGONS.

OLD STAND OF DANIEL GAHMAN,

Corner Water and Cerro Cordo-Sts.

PLATFORM CARRIAGES built to order, FINE PHLETONS, PRINCE ALBERT, PIANO AND COACH, RICH HUGHES, SLEIGH AND LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, etc. Always up to the times, and guarantee all work to be first-class. A. J. KIMBLE.

Sleighs Made to Order!

FANCY PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

November 17, 1874. dlw-wat

SPECIAL.

A. A. COOPER

New Spring Goods!

VERY CHEAP.

His stock of Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, Plain, Fancy, Linens, Turkey, Denim, and all kinds of Linens, Cottons, etc., etc., is now on hand, and he is determined to sell them at a low price.

LOOK AT OUR SIXTY CENT FRENCH CORSET!

ALL KINDS OF NOTIONS.

The motto of this House is, "THE LOWEST PRICE IN THE MARKET FOR QUALITY." Call and see it is not true.

NO. 24 MERCHANT STREET.

March 11, 1875—dlw-wat

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.  
Monday Evening, July 12

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN will be delivered to subscribers by any part of the city. Local Notices will be published at 50c per line for the first insertion, and 25c per line for each subsequent insertion. For time advertisements will be furnished upon application at the office.

TO DAILY SUBSCRIBERS

Subscriptions to the DAILY REPUBLICAN will be collected every Saturday. The paper will be delivered to subscribers at their homes, unless otherwise ordered. We would be much obliged if our subscribers would inform us of any change of address, so that we may be able to deliver the paper to the proper place.

CITY DEPARTMENT.

Travel by rail is increasing. Kennedy's Champion Biscuit, Boston & Co. Delightful evenings for punting. The St. Nicholas livery stable ready for business. Bus runs to all parts. Penicillin is mostly done with this season. For a square meal or delicious go to Anshack & Cassell's restaurant. The sewerage question is having rest until another big rain comes. Go to Neidermeyer's for sugar lumps. Hayling is being begun in good time to-day. Two weeks of good weather will gather the crop. Graham bread baked fresh to-day at H. F. Stephens. Wheat harvest is well under way and will be pushed vigorously, weather will permit. A full line of choice confectionery, at Hatley's restaurant. Summer complaints are quite absent, and it stands people in hard exercise great caution as to what eat and drink. Jannan's restaurant is the place for your meals. Sney & Bishop raised a new over their place of business, this morning. New cabbage, green peas and beans, at D. M. Barnett & Co. Most of the Niagara excursionists who went from Decatur have returned. They speak of their trip as being a pleasant one. Harvey Downing's back to all orders. Mr. Edward C. Bessy has the appointment of mail agent at Milledale road. He will make a credit and faithful official. Toilet articles, of every variety, at W. C. Armstrong's. Repairs of sidewalks are going rapidly, and will need to be completed in order to get all the way good order. Choice ice cream at Anshack & Cassell's. That large pile of brick, which has been piled up at the corner of St. George street, will soon be used in building a brick walk on the east of South Main street, from the old to Wood street. Just step in and look at C. H. Righter's elegant display. They are the most complete stock of watches, jewelry and spectacles in the city.

We are now about at the middle of the summer months, and up to this have had comparatively few excessive hot days. What lies before us is next two months remains to be seen. Whether hot or cold farmers will eagerly for less rain.

For a trip to the depot or town under B. F. Taylor's back. It is a remarkable fact that burglars are almost nightly breaking into stores and dwellings, and putting up small things as they can find their fingers on, there are many hundred pounds, lying exposed on the sidewalks every night, and a lot of them have been taken.

A full line of postcardettes, Davis & Co. The Christian Sunday School changed its hour of meeting from 10 o'clock in the morning. The members make a note of this, to the opera house, the place of meeting in the morning instead of the afternoon.

Get your tea and coffee at Hammer's. Work on Mr. George E. More's new residence, on the corner of Macon and Edward streets, was commenced this morning. This day to be one of the finest in the city will require a big force of workmen to complete it before cold comes.

Fresh vegetables, at Lewis & Gan's. One of the juvenile swimmers in the Sangamon daily was started Saturday morning, carrying an aquatic pain in his head, and was rescued by a large crowd of spectators. A half a dozen boys, who had been out in a boat, were rescued by a large crowd of spectators.

Apples and pears, at Lewis & Gan's. Apples and pears, at Lewis & Gan's. App



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